

BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2020

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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## Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors  
Boyd Ponds Metropolitan District No. 2  
Jefferson County, Colorado

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Boyd Ponds Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Boyd Ponds Metropolitan District No. 2 as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

## Other Matters

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Wipfli LLP".

Wipfli LLP  
Lakewood, Colorado

September 20, 2021

## Boyd Ponds Metropolitan District No. 2

### BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Statement of Net Position</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Cash and investments	\$ 15,223	\$ -	\$ 15,223	\$ -	\$ 15,223
Cash and investments - restricted	816	134,599	135,415	-	135,415
Receivable - County Treasurer	201	1,327	1,528	-	1,528
Property taxes receivable	<u>30,274</u>	<u>199,808</u>	<u>230,082</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>230,082</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 46,514</u>	<u>\$ 335,734</u>	<u>\$ 382,248</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>382,248</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
Accounts payable	\$ 11,002	\$ -	\$ 11,002	-	11,002
Accrued interest on loan	-	-	-	7,001	7,001
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	-	-	-	110,000	110,000
Due in more than one year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,600,000</u>	<u>2,600,000</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>11,002</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,002</u>	<u>2,717,001</u>	<u>2,728,003</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>					
Deferred property taxes	<u>30,274</u>	<u>199,808</u>	<u>230,082</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>230,082</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>30,274</u>	<u>199,808</u>	<u>230,082</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>230,082</u>
<b>FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION</b>					
Fund Balances:					
Restricted:					
Emergencies	816	-	816	(816)	-
Debt service	-	135,926	135,926	(135,926)	-
Unassigned	<u>4,422</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,422</u>	<u>(4,422)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>5,238</u>	<u>135,926</u>	<u>141,164</u>	<u>(141,164)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 46,514</u>	<u>\$ 335,734</u>	<u>\$ 382,248</u>		
Net Position:					
Restricted for:					
Emergencies				816	816
Debt service				128,925	128,925
Unrestricted				<u>(2,705,578)</u>	<u>(2,705,578)</u>
Total Net Position				<u>\$(2,575,837)</u>	<u>\$(2,575,837)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

## Boyd Ponds Metropolitan District No. 2

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Statement of Activities</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>					
Accounting and audit	\$ 10,825	\$ -	\$ 10,825	\$ -	\$ 10,825
Insurance	2,700	-	2,700	-	2,700
Legal	8,085	-	8,085	-	8,085
Landscaping	1,190	-	1,190	-	1,190
Miscellaneous expenses	30	-	30	-	30
Treasurer's fees	453	2,995	3,448	-	3,448
Bond principal	-	105,000	105,000	(105,000)	-
Bond interest expense	-	87,265	87,265	(271)	86,994
Total Expenditures	<u>23,283</u>	<u>195,260</u>	<u>218,543</u>	<u>(105,271)</u>	<u>113,272</u>
<b>GENERAL REVENUES</b>					
Property taxes	30,249	199,645	229,894	-	229,894
Specific ownership taxes	2,261	14,921	17,182	-	17,182
Interest income	1,311	28	1,339	-	1,339
Total General Revenues	<u>33,821</u>	<u>214,594</u>	<u>248,415</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>248,415</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				135,143	135,143
<b>FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION:</b>					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>(5,300)</u>	<u>116,592</u>	<u>111,292</u>	<u>(2,822,272)</u>	<u>(2,710,980)</u>
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 5,238</u>	<u>\$ 135,926</u>	<u>\$ 141,164</u>	<u>\$ (2,717,001)</u>	<u>\$ (2,575,837)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

## Boyd Ponds Metropolitan District No. 2

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original & Final		Variance
	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Property taxes	\$ 30,249	\$ 30,249	\$ -
Specific ownership taxes	1,707	2,261	554
Miscellaneous	2,500	-	(2,500)
Other Income	1,000	1,311	311
Total Revenues	35,456	33,821	(1,635)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Accounting and audit	5,000	10,825	(5,825)
Election expense	5,000	-	5,000
Insurance	2,900	2,700	200
Legal	15,000	8,085	6,915
District management	3,000	-	3,000
Landscaping	2,500	1,190	1,310
Miscellaneous expenses	100	30	70
Treasurer's fees	454	453	1
Contingency	483	-	483
Emergency reserve	1,019	-	1,019
Total Expenditures	35,456	23,283	12,173
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	-	10,538	10,538
<b>FUND BALANCE:</b>			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	(5,300)	(5,300)
END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 5,238	\$ 5,238

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

## BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

Notes to Financial Statements  
December 31, 2020

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Boyd Ponds Metropolitan District No. 2, located in Jefferson County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

#### Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized on June 28, 2010 as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was established to finance and construct certain public infrastructure improvements that benefit the citizens of the District. The District's primary revenues are property taxes. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

## BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

## BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

#### Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

#### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

##### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2020, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

##### Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition investments are considered to be cash on hand. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

##### Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated.

The District has conveyed all of the capital improvements of the District to other governmental entities. Administration, management and maintenance of the improvements was transferred to the Boyd Ponds Homeowners' Association (the "Association") within the District, and a non-exclusive easement has been granted to the Association for that purpose. As a result, the capital improvements owned by the District have been removed from the District's assets.

## BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

#### Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$816 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

## BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$135,926 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with Series 2017 Loan (see Note 3).

#### Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

#### Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

#### Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all funds can report negative amounts.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

#### Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District can report three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

Notes to Financial Statements  
December 31, 2020

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2020, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments	\$ 15,223
Cash and investments - Restricted	<u>135,415</u>
Total	<u>\$ 150,638</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 7,570
Investments - COLOTRUST	<u>143,068</u>
	<u>\$ 150,638</u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (“PDPA”) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District’s deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District’s investments are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. The investments’ values are calculated using the net asset value method (“NAV”) per share.

## BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Credit Risk

The District's investment policy requires that the District follow state statutes for investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

#### Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

As of December 31, 2020, the District had the following investment:

#### COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST") is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. COLOTRUST offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills and notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. Designated custodian banks provide safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST. Substantially all securities owned by COLOTRUST are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the accounts maintained for the custodian banks. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. At December 31, 2020, the District had \$143,068 invested in COLOTRUST.

BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

Notes to Financial Statements  
December 31, 2020

Note 3: Long-Term Debt

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the year ending December 31, 2020:

	Balance 1/1/2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2020	Current Portion
Series 2017 Loan	\$2,815,000	\$ -	\$ 105,000	\$2,710,000	110,000
Total	\$2,815,000	\$ -	\$ 105,000	\$2,710,000	\$ 110,000

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2020, is as follows:

Senior Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Refunding Loan Series 2017

On December 28, 2017 the District issued Senior Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2017 (“Series 2017 Loan”) in the amount of \$3,015,000. The Series 2017 Loan was issued for the purpose of repaying the Senior Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Bonds Convertible Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2014 and paying the costs of issuing the loan. The Series 2017 Loan accrues interest at 3.1% payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2018. Principal payments on the Series 2017 Loan are due on December 1<sup>st</sup> of each year commencing on December 1, 2018. The Series 2017 Loan is subject to prepayment at the option of the District on any Principal Payment Date in an amount not exceeding \$100,000 with no prepayment fee or penalty. On or after December 1, 2024, the Series 2017 Loan may be prepaid in whole, but not in part upon payment of the principal balance plus accrued interest with no prepayment fee or penalty.

The Series 2017 Loan is secured by Pledged Revenues including the required mill levy imposed each year upon all taxable property of the District in an amount sufficient to pay the Debt Service Requirements as the same become due and payable, but not in excess of 40.000 mills as adjusted for the Gallagher Amendment, the portion of the specific ownership tax allocable to the required mill levy, capital fees, and any other legally available monies that the Board determines in its sole discretion to credit to the loan fund.

The refunding resulted in a net present value savings of \$1,124,059 due to the average interest rate of the Series 2017 Loan being lower than the refunded bonds.

BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

Notes to Financial Statements  
December 31, 2020

The occurrence of any one or more of the following events or the existence of any one or more of the following conditions shall constitute an Event of Default; before the Unlimited Tax Receipt Date, the District fails or refuses to impose the Required Mill Levy or to apply the Pledged Revenue as required; on and after the Unlimited Tax Receipt Date, the District fails to pay the principal and interest on the Loan when due; the District defaults in the performance or observance of any of the covenants, agreements, or conditions on the part of the District, and fails to remedy the same after notice thereof; or the District files a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable bankruptcy laws seeking to adjust the obligation represented by the Note. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any Event of Default, the Lender at its option, may do any one or more of the following: apply all amounts constituting Pledged Revenues to the Loan Balance and all interest accrued and unpaid thereon, in any order of priority determined by the Lender; and take any other action or remedy available under the other Financing Documents or any other document, or at law or in equity. Acceleration of the Loan shall not be a remedy for the occurrence or continuance of an Event of Default nor shall the District be subject to punitive or consequential damages.

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements.

	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 110,000	\$ 84,010	\$ 194,010
2022	115,000	80,600	195,600
2023	120,000	77,035	197,035
2024	125,000	73,315	198,315
2025	130,000	69,440	199,440
2026-2030	750,000	282,565	1,032,565
2031-2035	930,000	155,465	1,085,465
2036-2037	430,000	20,150	450,150
	\$ 2,710,000	\$ 842,580	\$ 3,552,580

Debt Authorization

As of December 31, 2020, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of approximately \$46,985,000. The District has not budgeted to issue any new debt during 2021. Per the District’s Service Plan, the District can not issue debt in excess of \$7,000,000.

Note 4: Agreements

On November 11, 2011, the District entered into an Operations and Maintenance Agreement (“Agreement”) with Boyd Ponds Master Association, Inc. (“Association”), whereby the District agreed to grant the Association a non-exclusive easement on various tracts of District owned land for the operation and maintenance of various Improvements. The Association agreed to operate and maintain the improvements at its sole cost and expense, including maintaining both liability insurance and casualty insurance covering the tracts for a term of 30 years from the date of the Agreement. The Association can terminate the Agreement by providing written notice to the District by September 1 of each year with the termination taking effect on April 1 of the following year.

## BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Note 5: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights (“TABOR”), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year’s Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On May 4, 2010 a majority of the District’s electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District’s management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

#### Note 6: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (“Pool”) which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials’ liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

BOYD PONDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

Notes to Financial Statements  
December 31, 2020

Note 7: Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) long-term liabilities such as bonds and loans payable and accrued interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities; and
- 2) governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

## Boyd Ponds Metropolitan District No. 2

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original & Final		Variance
	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Property taxes	\$ 199,645	\$ 199,645	\$ -
Specific ownership taxes	11,261	14,921	3,660
Interest income	-	28	28
Total Revenues	210,906	214,594	3,688
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Accounting and audit	4,000	-	4,000
Bond principal	105,000	105,000	-
Bond interest expense	87,265	87,265	-
Paying agent fees	2,500	-	2,500
Treasurer's fees	2,929	2,995	(66)
Total Expenditures	201,694	195,260	6,434
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	9,212	19,334	10,122
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	9,212	19,334	10,122
<b>FUND BALANCE:</b>			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	115,076	116,592	1,516
END OF YEAR	\$ 124,288	\$ 135,926	\$ 11,638

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

## Boyd Ponds Metropolitan District No. 2

### SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED

December 31, 2020

(Unaudited)

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy</b>	<b>Mills Levied</b>		<b>Total Property Tax</b>		<b>Percent Collected to Levied</b>
		<b>General Fund</b>	<b>Debt Service</b>	<b>Levied</b>	<b>Collected</b>	
2012	\$ 837,076	45.000	0.000	\$ 37,668	\$ 37,668	100.00%
2013	\$ 1,524,179	45.000	0.000	\$ 68,588	\$ 68,588	100.00%
2014	\$ 2,759,937	45.000	0.000	\$ 124,197	\$ 124,197	100.00%
2015	\$ 3,554,252	5.000	40.000	\$ 159,941	\$ 159,941	100.00%
2016	\$ 5,280,876	5.000	40.000	\$ 237,639	\$ 237,640	100.00%
2017	\$ 5,443,055	5.000	40.000	\$ 244,937	\$ 244,938	100.00%
2018	\$ 5,554,001	5.000	44.222	\$ 273,379	\$ 273,380	100.00%
2019	\$ 5,686,192	5.000	33.000	\$ 216,075	\$ 216,075	100.00%
2020	\$ 6,049,843	5.000	33.000	\$ 229,894	\$ 229,894	100.00%
Estimated for						
year ending						
December 31,						
2021	\$ 6,054,793	5.000	33.000	\$ 230,082		

**NOTE**

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.